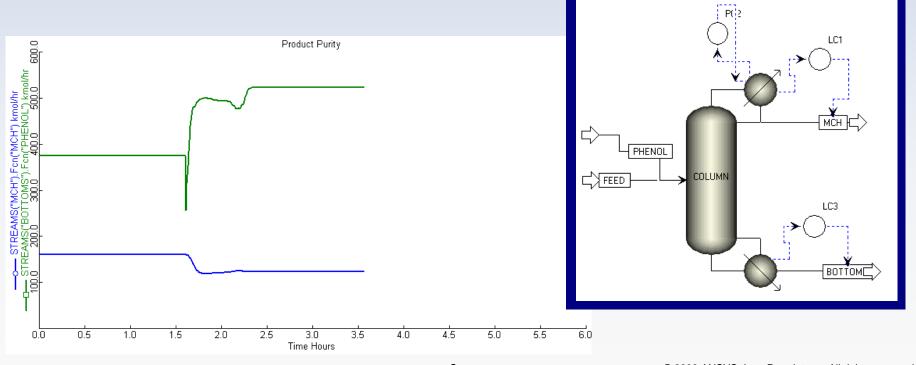


Objective



- Develop a prototype APECS controller for transient co-simulation
- Demonstrate coupling between FLUENT and Aspen Dynamics



Technical Issues



- Aspen Dynamics does not have a CAPE-OPEN block like Aspen Plus
- To date, transient simulations have not been considered within the framework of CAPE-OPEN
- Unsteady CFD simulations are considerably more time-consuming than steady simulations
- Using unsteady CFD simulations within a cosimulation environment poses additional technical difficulties (e.g., "remembering" the initial state)
 - Assume quasi-steady
 - $-\tau_{CFD} << \tau_{Plant}$

Available Capabilities



- Aspen Custom Modeler (ACM) permits user-defined blocks to be created and exported
 - Permits customization at the "block" level
 - Custom blocks can be used in Aspen Dynamics
 - Custom blocks can call external functions
- Simulation Access eXtension (SAX) capability
 - Operates at the "flowsheet" level
 - Can call functions at beginning/end of timestep
- ACM "Events"
 - Event triggers: OnDeletedBlock, OnNewBlock, etc.
- ACM Custom Forms
 - Customized GUI

Capabilities Used for Prototype

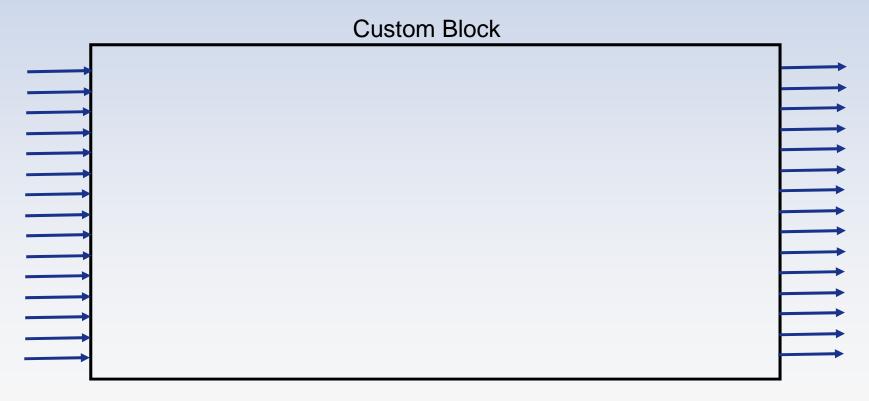


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Aspen Dynamics Wrapper



Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler

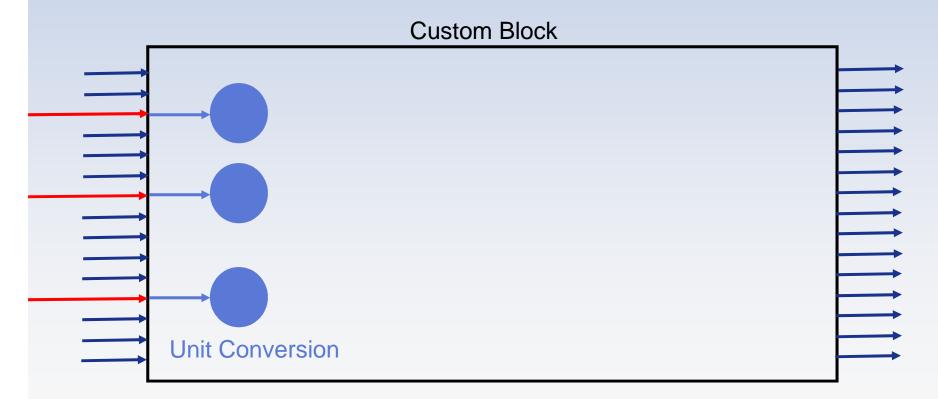


Available Inlet Ports

Available Outlet Ports



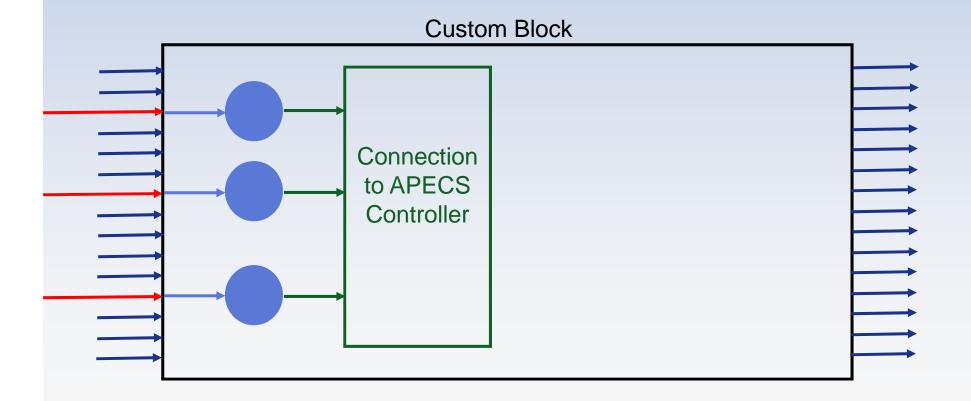
Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler



Connected Inlet Ports

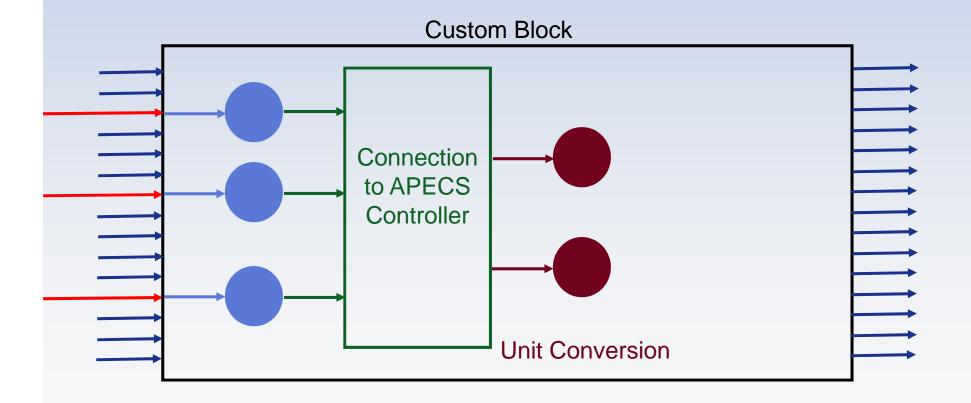


Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler



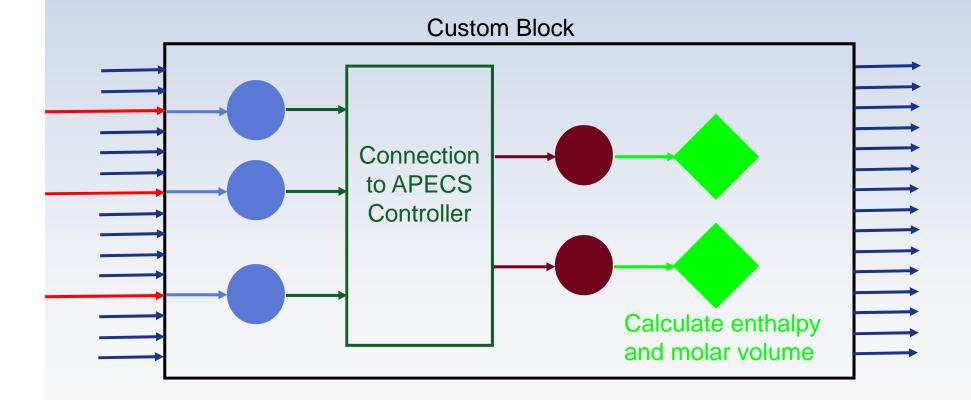


Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler



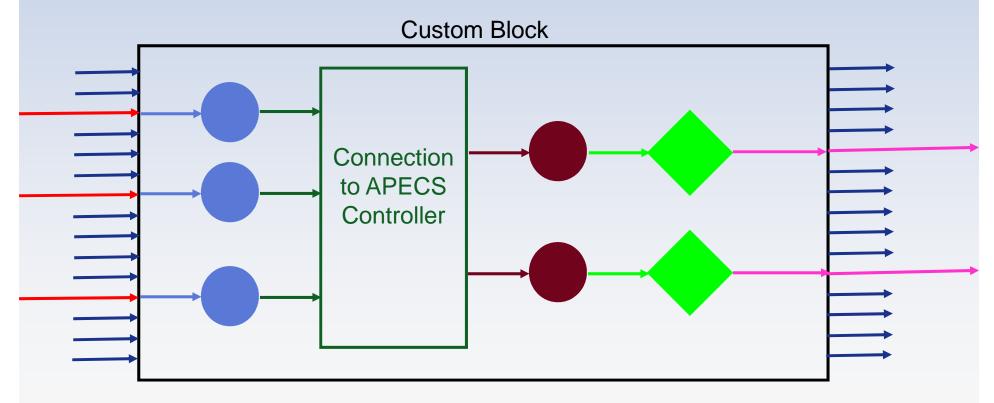


Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler





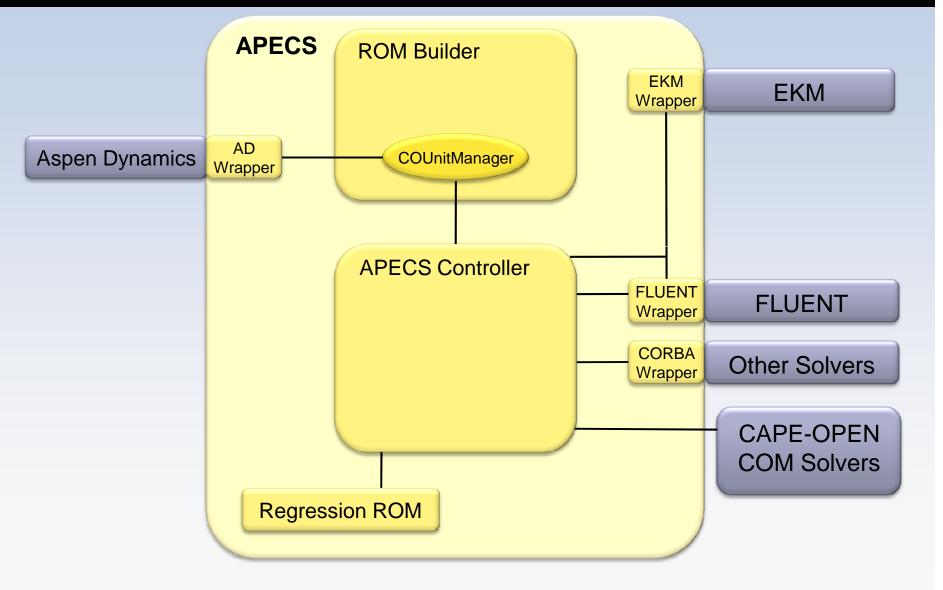
Custom block created in Aspen Custom Modeler



Connected Outlet Ports

Architecture for Dynamic Co-Simulation \\ \lambda \text{NSYS}





Aspen Dynamics Wrapper Functions \[\lambda \NSYS \]



	INITIAL APPROACH	FINAL APPROACH
PRECALL	Create COUnitManager Start FLUENT	Create COUnitManager Start FLUENT Load Case/Data files
OUTPUTS	Load Case/Data files Set boundary conditions Converge FLUENT model Return outputs Exit FLUENT Clean up	Set boundary conditions Converge FLUENT model Return outputs
POSTCALL		Exit FLUENT Clean up

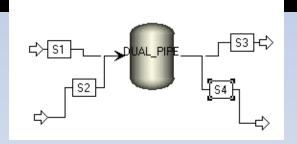
PRECALL → OUTPUTS → OUTPUTS → DOSTCALL

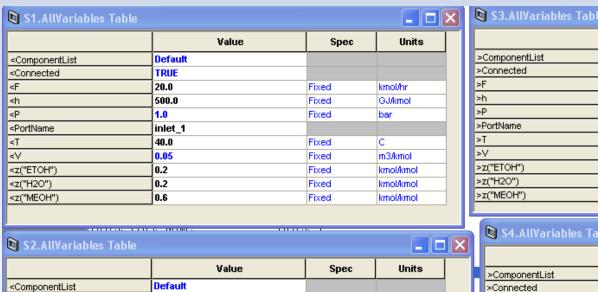
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Test 1 – Verify Correct Outputs



- 2D FLUENT "Dual Pipe" model
 - 2 inlets / 2 outlets, no mixing





	Value	Spec	Units
>ComponentList	Default		
>Connected	TRUE		
≻F	19.9825	Free	kmol/hr
>h	-0.25426	Free	GJ/kmol
≽P	1.01325	Free	bar
>PortName	outlet_1		
>T	39.75	Free	С
>V	0.0402705	Free	m3/kmol
>z("ETOH")	0.199792	Free	kmol/kmol
>z("H2O")	0.200005	Free	kmol/kmol
>z("MEOH")	0.600203	Free	kmol/kmol

S2.AllVariables T	able		
	Value	Spec	Units
<componentlist< td=""><td>Default</td><td></td><td></td></componentlist<>	Default		
<connected< td=""><td>TRUE</td><td></td><td></td></connected<>	TRUE		
<f< td=""><td>15.0</td><td>Fixed</td><td>kmol/hr</td></f<>	15.0	Fixed	kmol/hr
≺h	0.05	Fixed	GJ/kmol
<p< td=""><td>1.0</td><td>Fixed</td><td>bar</td></p<>	1.0	Fixed	bar
≺PortName	inlet_2		
<t< td=""><td>30.0</td><td>Fixed</td><td>С</td></t<>	30.0	Fixed	С
<v< td=""><td>0.05</td><td>Fixed</td><td>m3/kmol</td></v<>	0.05	Fixed	m3/kmol
<z("etoh")< td=""><td>0.4</td><td>Fixed</td><td>kmol/kmol</td></z("etoh")<>	0.4	Fixed	kmol/kmol
<z("h2o")< td=""><td>0.4</td><td>Fixed</td><td>kmol/kmol</td></z("h2o")<>	0.4	Fixed	kmol/kmol
<z("meoh")< td=""><td>0.2</td><td>Fixed</td><td>kmol/kmol</td></z("meoh")<>	0.2	Fixed	kmol/kmol

	Value	Spec	Units
>ComponentList	Default		
>Connected	TRUE		
≽F	15.0171	Free	kmol/hr
>h	-0.272453	Free	GJ/kmol
≽P	1.01325	Free	bar
>PortName	outlet_2		
>T	30.25	Free	С
>V	0.0386318	Free	m3/kmol
>z("ETOH")	0.400055	Free	kmol/kmol
>z("H2O")	0.399737	Free	kmol/kmol
>z("MEOH")	0.200207	Free	kmol/kmol

Test 2 – Benchmark Run Times



Case 1

- Pipe Model ROM Template
- Fastest APECS block
- Steady and Dynamic Co-Simulation

Case 2

- 2D FLUENT "Triple Pipe" model
- 1200 quad cells
- 3 inlets / 3 outlets, no mixing
- Steady and Dynamic Co-Simulation

Case 1 – Data Transferred



Block Name: PIPE_MODEL Number of Inlet Ports: 10 Number of Outlet Ports: 10

Number of CONNECTED Inlet Ports: 1
Number of CONNECTED Outlet Ports: 1

Number of Species: 3 Specie 0 is ETOH Specie 1 is H2O Specie 2 is MEOH

Inlet Port Name = inlet_port
Inlet Flow Rate = 0.02 kg/s
Inlet Temperature = 313.15 K
Inlet Pressure = 100000.00 Pa
Inlet Mass Fraction [0] = 0.2876
Inlet Mass Fraction [1] = 0.1124
Inlet Mass Fraction [2] = 0.6000

Outlet Port Name = outlet_port

Persistence String 0 is InstanceKey_47
Persistence String 1 is UnusedPersistenceString_1
Persistence String 2 is UnusedPersistenceString_2

OUTPUTS was called 60 times

Retrieving the COUnitManager pointer. Block Name: PIPE_MODEL

Setting values of persistence strings in OUTPUTS now.

Persistence String 0 is now InstanceKey_47

Persistence String 1 is now UnusedPersistenceString_1
Persistence String 2 is now UnusedPersistenceString 2

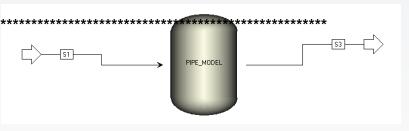
Outlet flow rate for outlet_port is 0.02 kg/s

Outlet temperature for outlet_port is 313.15 K

Outlet Pressure for outlet_port is 99000.00 Pa

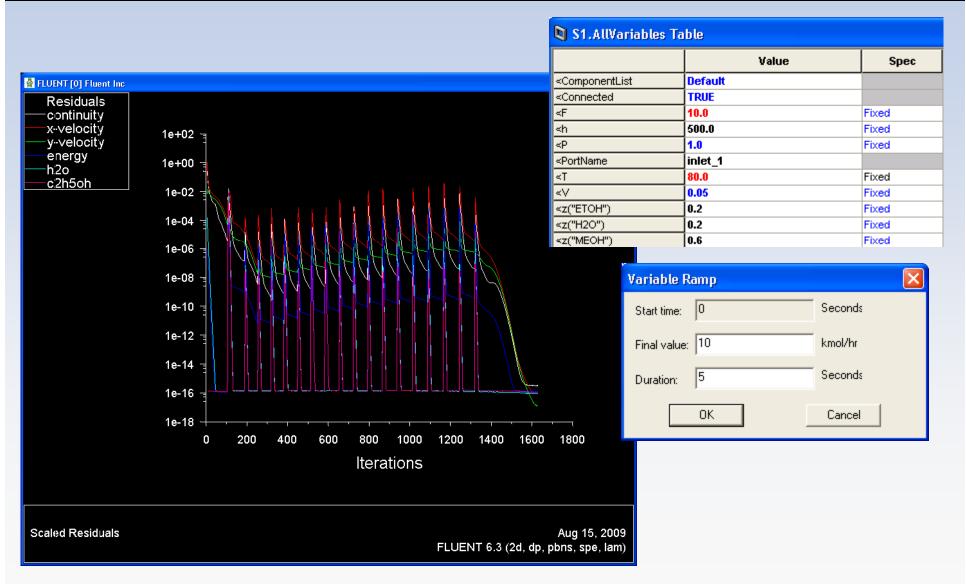
Outlet Mass Fractions for outlet_port are:

Species [0]: 0.28755 (ETOH) Species [1]: 0.11246 (H2O) Species [2]: 0.59999 (MEOH)



Case 2 – Dynamic Co-Simulation





Benchmark Results



Model	Mode	Inputs	Simulation Time, s	Real Time, s	"Output" Calls
Pipe Model ROM Template	Steady			407*	60
Pipe Model ROM Template	Unsteady	Steady	5	7200	1080
2D FLUENT Model	Steady			1096	60
2D FLUENT Model	Unsteady	Ramped (5 seconds)	10	22098	1380

^{*}for comparison, this model takes ~1 second in Aspen Plus

Summary



- The feasibility of dynamic co-simulation was investigated
- A prototype Aspen Dynamics Wrapper was created to demonstrate dynamic co-simulation
- Run times were significantly longer for dynamic cosimulation than for steady co-simulation
- Promising future research: use ROMs capable of computing derivatives (e.g., Regression ROM) and return Jacobian to Aspen Dynamics
 - Expected to significantly reduce the number of "Output" calls required